

# HEXPRESSIONS

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## IDENTIFY THE CONNECTIONS

Use the list of “equations” to determine the number of each hex, and to connect them to one another. For example, if an equation reads...

$$(38) + (41) = \text{PIPE}$$

...you might look for hexes that list TOBACCO and CORNCOB. Or COPPER and TUBE. Or WATER and CONDUIT.

Not all connections are clued, but unclued pairs will still relate in some way. For example, PINE and CONE might connect.

## NUMBER THE HEXES

When you think you’ve got a hex in the right place, put a lock token on it (or an unlocked token if you’re not positive).

Then, when you’ve deduced the number of the hex, mark it with a numbered token.

Every hex will have at least one sequential neighbor. If you’ve identified #5, start looking for #6.

## SOLVE THE META

Once you’ve numbered all the hexes, copy the three large letters from each hex into the corresponding row to the right.

When read vertically, the letters will spell out a quote. However, each row is scrambled horizontally, so you’ll need to figure out which column each letter really belongs in.

Good luck!